UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly Report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2019

Transition Report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: 000-54677

CV Sciences, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

80-0944970

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

10070 Barnes Canyon Road San Diego, CA 92121

(Address number of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(866) 290-2157

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading symbol(s)	Name of exchange on which registered
Common Stock, par value \$0.0001	CVSI	OTC:QB

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \blacksquare No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (\$ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes \blacksquare No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," smaller reporting company", and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	Accelerated filer	×
Non-accelerated filer	Smaller reporting company	×
Emerging growth company		

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No 🗷

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date. As of August 5, 2019, the issuer had 99,233,537 shares of issued and outstanding common stock, par value \$0.0001.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE. None

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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements (unaudited)

CV SCIENCES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED) (in thousands, except per share data)

		June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018		
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,237	\$	12,684	
Restricted cash		500		251	
Accounts receivable, net		4,688		3,340	
Inventory		9,107		7,132	
Prepaid expenses and other		8,264		2,059	
Total current assets		37,796		25,466	
Inventory		_		1,418	
Property & equipment, net		3,228		2,844	
Operating lease assets		3,870			
Intangibles, net		3,783		3,801	
Goodwill		2,788		2,788	
Other assets		595		585	
Total assets	\$	52,060	\$	36,902	
Liabilities and stockholders' equity					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	1,371	\$	1,245	
Accrued expenses	ψ	9,713	φ	2,673	
Operating lease liability - current		651		2,015	
Notes payable		69		474	
Total current liabilities		11,804	<u></u>	4,392	
		11,004		7,372	
Operating lease liability		4,497		_	
Deferred rent		—		1,329	
Deferred tax liability		1,065		1,065	
Other liabilities		406		—	
Total liabilities		17,772		6,786	
Commitments and contingencies (Note 8)					
Stockholders' equity					
Preferred stock, par value \$0.0001; 10,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding				_	
Common stock, par value \$0.0001; 190,000 shares authorized, 98,704 and 94,940 shares issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively		10		9	
Additional paid-in capital		67,460		55,134	
Accumulated deficit		(33,182)		(25,027)	
Total stockholders' equity		34,288		30,116	
Total liabilities and stockholders' county	\$	52 060	\$	36,902	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated fina	\$	52,060	\$	36,90	

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

CV SCIENCES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED) (in thousands, except per share data)

	Three months	Three months ended June 30,					Six months ended June 30,				
	2019		2018		2019		2018				
Product sales, net	\$ 16,854	\$	12,349	\$	31,765	\$	20,419				
Cost of goods sold	4,903		3,289		9,255		5,797				
Gross Profit	11,951		9,060		22,510		14,622				
Operating expenses:											
Research and development	1,688		442		3,030		596				
Selling, general and administrative	9,009		5,321		27,604		10,061				
	10,697		5,763		30,634		10,657				
Operating Income (Loss)	1,254		3,297		(8,124)		3,965				
Interest (income) expense, net	(1)		71	_	5		120				
Income (loss) income taxes	1,255		3,226		(8,129)		3,845				
Income tax expense	26		40		26		40				
Net Income (Loss)	\$ 1,229	\$	3,186	\$	(8,155)	\$	3,805				

98,633		90,713		98,557	90,613
120,929		112,466		98,557	106,291
\$ 0.01	\$	0.04	\$	(0.08) \$	0.04
\$ 0.01	\$	0.03	\$	(0.08) \$	0.04
\$ \$	120,929 \$ 0.01	120,929 \$ 0.01 \$	120,929 112,466 \$ 0.01 \$ 0.04	120,929 112,466 \$ 0.01 \$ 0.04 \$	120,929 112,466 98,557 \$ 0.01 \$ 0.04 \$ (0.08) \$

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

CV SCIENCES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED) (in thousands)

	Common Stock			Additional					
	Shares		Amount		Paid-In Capital		Accumulated Deficit		Total
Balance at January 1, 2019	94,940	\$	9	\$	55,134	\$	(25,027)	\$	30,116
Issuance of common stock under employee benefit plan	3,539		1		196		—		197
Stock-based compensation	_		_		2,091		—		2,091
Stock-based compensation associated with employment settlement	_		_		7,857		_		7,857
Net loss	—		_		—		(9,384)		(9,384)
Balance at March 31, 2019	98,479		10		65,278		(34,411)		30,877
Issuance of common stock under employee benefit plan	225		_		57		—		57
Stock-based compensation	_		_		2,125		—		2,125
Net income	—		_		—		1,229		1,229
Balance at June 30, 2019	98,704	\$	10	\$	67,460	\$	(33,182)	\$	34,288

	Common Stock			Additional					
	Shares		Amount	Paid-In Capital		Accumulated Deficit		Total	
Balance at January 1, 2018	90,513	\$	9	\$ 51,400	\$	(35,028)	\$	16,381	
Stock-based compensation	_			1,036				1,036	
Net income	—		—	—		619		619	
Balance at March 31, 2018	90,513		9	 52,436		(34,409)		18,036	
Issuance of stock for professional services	150		_	62		_		62	
Exercise of stock options	283		_	108		—		108	
Stock-based compensation	_		_	360		_		360	
Net income	_		—	_		3,186		3,186	
Balance at June 30, 2018	90,946	\$	9	\$ 52,966	\$	(31,223)	\$	21,752	

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

CV SCIENCES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) (in thousands)

Six Months Ended June 30, 2019 2018 **OPERATING ACTIVITIES** Net income (loss) \$ (8,155) \$ 3,805 Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash flows provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization 354 245 Amortization of beneficial conversion feature of convertible debts 50 Common stock issued for professional services 62 4,216 Stock-based compensation 1,396 Stock-based compensation associated with employment settlement 7,857 2 Bad debt expense 32 251 Noncash lease expense Change in operating assets and liabilities: (1,380) (1,081) Accounts receivable Notes receivable 17 (557) 1,200 Inventory Prepaid expenses and other (622) 14 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 1,461 (463) Deferred rent 122 3,457 5,369 Net cash provided by operating activities **INVESTING ACTIVITIES** Purchase of equipment (475) (190) Tenant improvements to leasehold real estate (29) (87) Net cash flows used in investing activities (504) (277) FINANCING ACTIVITIES (660) Repayment of convertible debt in cash Repayment of unsecured debt in cash (405) (99) Proceeds from exercise of stock options 254 107 Net cash flows used in financing activities (151) (652) 2,802 Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash 4,440 Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of period 12,935 2,792 \$ 15,737 7,232 Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of period \$ Supplemental cash flow disclosures: Interest paid, net of interest income \$ 9 \$ 120 \$ 54 \$ 18Income taxes paid Purchase of property and equipment in accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ 50 \$

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

1. ORGANIZATION AND BUSINESS

Description of Business - CV Sciences, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated under the name Foreclosure Solutions, Inc. in the State of Texas on December 9, 2010. On July 25, 2013, CannaVest Corp., a Texas corporation ("CannaVest Texas"), merged with the Company, a wholly-owned Delaware subsidiary of CannaVest Texas, to effectuate a change in the Company's state of incorporation from Texas to Delaware. On January 4, 2016, the Company filed a Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation reflecting its corporate name change to "CV Sciences, Inc.", effective on January 5, 2016. In addition, on January 4, 2016, the Company amended its Bylaws to reflect its corporate name change to "CV Sciences, Inc."

The Company has two operating segments; consumer products and specialty pharmaceutical. The consumer products segment develops, manufactures and markets products based on hemp-based Cannabidiol ("CBD"), under the name *PlusCBD*TM in a variety of market sectors including nutraceutical, beauty care and specialty foods. The specialty pharmaceutical segment is developing drug candidates which use CBD as a primary active ingredient.

Basis of Presentation - The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("U.S. GAAP"). All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of Estimates – The preparation of the condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Significant estimates include the valuation of intangible assets, valuation of inventory, and assumptions related to revenue recognition.

Fair Value Measurements – Fair value is defined as the price that would be received from the sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. The accounting guidance establishes a three-level hierarchy for disclosure that is based on the extent and level of judgment used to estimate the fair value of assets and liabilities.

- Level 1 uses unadjusted quoted prices that are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. The Company's Level 1 assets are comprised o\$2.0 million in money market funds which are classified as cash equivalents. The carrying value of the cash equivalents approximated the fair value as of une 30, 2019. The Company did not have any cash equivalents as of December 31, 2018. The Company does not have any liabilities that are valued using inputs identified under a Level I hierarchy as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018.
- Level 2 uses inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are either directly or indirectly observable through correlation with market data. These include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; and inputs to valuation models or other pricing methodologies that do not require significant judgment because the inputs used in the model, such as interest rates and volatility, can be corroborated by readily observable market data. The Company did not have any assets that are valued using inputs identified under a Level 2 hierarchy as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018.
- Level 3 uses one or more significant inputs that are unobservable and supported by little or no market activity, and that reflect the use of significant management judgment. Level 3 assets and liabilities include those whose fair value measurements are determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies or similar valuation techniques, and significant management judgment or estimation. The Company did not have any assets or liabilities that are valued using inputs identified under a Level 3 hierarchy as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

In June 2016, the the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU No. 2016-13, *Financial Instruments-Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments* and subsequent amendments to the initial guidance: ASU 2018-19, ASU 2019-04 and ASU 2019-05 (collectively, "Topic 326"). Topic 326 requires measurement and recognition of expected credit losses for financial assets held. Topic 326 is effective for fiscal years and interim periods within those fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact of Topic 326 on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.



In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-04, *Intangibles – Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment* ("ASU 2017-04"), which eliminates Step 2 from the goodwill impairment test. Instead, an entity should perform its annual or interim goodwill impairment test by comparing the fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying amount. An entity should then recognize an impairment charge for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the reporting unit's fair value; however, the loss recognized should not exceed the total amount of goodwill allocated to that reporting unit. Additionally, an entity should consider income tax effects from any tax deductible goodwill on the carrying amount of the reporting unit when measuring the goodwill impairment loss, if applicable. ASU 2017-04 requires the entity to apply these amendments on a prospective basis for which it is required to disclose the nature of and reason for the change in accounting upon transition. This disclosure shall be provided in the first annual period and in the interim period within the first annual period when the entity initially adopts the amendments. The Company shall adopt these amendments for its annual or any interim goodwill impairment tests in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted for interim or annual goodwill impairment tests in fiscal years beginning the potential impact of ASU 2017-04 on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

Recently Adopted Accounting Standards

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases* (Topic 842) in order to increase transparency and comparability among organizations by recognizing lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet for those leases classified as operating leases under prior GAAP. ASU 2016-02 requires that a lessee should recognize a liability to make lease payments (the lease liability) and a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term on the balance sheet. The Company adopted ASU 2016-02 in the first quarter of 2019 utilizing the optional alternative transition method through a cumulative-effect adjustment at the beginning of the first quarter of 2019. The Company has elected the package of practical expedients, which allows the Company not to reassess (1) whether any expired or existing contracts as of the adoption date are or contain a lease, (2) lease classification for any expired or existing leases as of the adoption date and (3) initial direct costs for any existing leases as of the adoption date. The Company elected to apply the hindsight practical expedient when determining lease term and assessing impairment of operating lease assets. The Company also applied the short-term lease recognition exemption for leases with terms at inception not greater than 12 months. The adoption of ASU 2016-02 on January 1, 2019 resulted in the recognition of operating leases assets of approximately \$4.1 million and lease liabilities for operating leases of approximately \$5.5 million on its Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, with no material impact to its Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. See Note 4 for further information regarding the impact of the adoption of ASU 2016-02 on the Company's financial statements.

In June 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-07, *Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718)*, Improvements to Nonemployee Share-Based Payment Accounting. This ASU is intended to simplify aspects of share-based compensation issued to non-employees by making the guidance consistent with accounting for employee share-based compensation. ASU 2018-07 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018 and interim periods within those annual periods, with early adoption permitted but no earlier than an entity's adoption date of ASC Topic 606. This ASU became effective for the Company on January 1, 2019. The Company measured non-employee awards at fair value at the adoption date. Adoption of the new standard did not have a material impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

In July 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-09, *Codification Improvements* ("ASC 2018-09"). This ASU makes changes to a variety of topics to clarify, correct errors in, or make minor improvements to the Accounting Standards Codification. The majority of the amendments in ASU 2018-09 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018 and interim periods within those annual periods. The Company adopted ASU 2018-09 in the first quarter of 2019. Adoption of the new standard did not have a material impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-15, *Intangibles - Goodwill and Other - Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40): Customer's Accounting for Implementation Costs Incurred in a Cloud Computing Arrangement That Is a Service Contract.* ASU 2018-15 requires a customer in a cloud computing arrangement that is a service contract to follow the internal-use software guidance in Accounting Standards Codification 350-40 to determine which implementation costs to defer and recognize as an asset. For public business entities, the guidance is effective for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2019. The Company early adopted this ASU during the quarter ended June 30, 2019, and applied the guidance prospectively to the implementation costs incurred in a new cloud computing arrangement. As of June 30, 2019, the Company has capitalized \$0.2 million of implementation costs which is included in Other Assets.



2. BALANCE SHEET DETAILS

Inventory

Inventory as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 was comprised of the following (in thousands):

	June 30, 2019				
Raw materials	\$	3,833	\$	4,747	
Finished goods		5,274		3,803	
	\$	9,107	\$	8,550	

As of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Company had \$0.8 million and \$0.5 million of inventory internationally.

Accrued expenses

Accrued expenses as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 were as follows (in thousands):

	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018		
Accrued payroll expenses ⁽¹⁾	\$ 7,651	\$	1,222	
Other accrued liabilities	2,062		1,451	
	\$ 9,713	\$	2,673	

(1) This includes a \$5.8 million tax liability associated with a related party transaction as discussed in Note 11.

3. INTANGIBLES, NET

Intangible assets consisted of the following at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 (in thousands):

	Accumulated Amortization				Useful Life (Years)
\$ 3,730	\$	—	\$	3,730	—
100		70		30	5
77		54		23	5
\$ 3,907	\$	124	\$	3,783	
\$ 3,730	\$	_	\$	3,730	_
100		60		40	5
 77		46		31	5
\$ 3,907	\$	106	\$	3,801	
\$ \$ \$	100 77 <u>\$</u> 3,907 <u>\$</u> 3,730 100 77	Amount \$ 3,730 \$ 100 77 \$ 3,907 \$ \$ 3,730 \$ 100 77 \$ 3,907 \$ 100 77 \$ 3,730 \$ 100 77 77 \$	Amount Amortization \$ 3,730 \$ 100 70 77 54 \$ 3,907 \$ 124 \$ 3,730 \$ 100 60 77 46	Amount Amortization \$ 3,730 \$ \$ 100 70 77 77 54 \$ \$ 3,907 \$ 124 \$ \$ 3,730 \$ \$ 100 60 77 77 46 100	Amount Amortization Amount \$ 3,730 \$ \$ 3,730 100 70 30 77 54 23 \$ 3,907 \$ 124 \$ 3,783 \$ 3,730 \$ \$ 3,730 \$ 3,730 \$ \$ 3,730 \$ 3,730 \$ \$ 3,730 \$ 3,730 \$ \$ 3,730 100 60 40 77 46 31

4. LEASES

The Company has entered into operating leases primarily for real estate. These leases are for the Company's operations, production, warehouse, sales, marketing and back office functions and have terms which range from 2 to 8 years, and do not include an option to renew. These operating leases are included in "Operating lease assets" on the Company's June 30, 2019 Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet, and represent the Company's right to use the underlying asset for the lease term. The Company's obligation to make lease payments are included in "Operating lease liability - current" and "Operating lease liability" on the Company's June 30, 2019 Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet. Based on the present value of the lease payments for the remaining lease term

of the Company's existing leases, the Company recognized operating lease assets of \$4.1 million and lease liabilities for operating leases of \$5.5 million on January 1, 2019. No operating lease assets or liabilities commenced during the six months ended June 30, 2019. As of June 30, 2019, total operating lease assets and operating lease liabilities were \$3.9 million and \$5.1 million, respectively. The Company has entered into one short-term facility operating lease, with an initial term of twelve months or less. This lease is not recorded on the Company's balance sheet. All operating lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. In the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company recognized approximately \$0.2 million and \$0.4 million, respectively, in total lease costs, which was mostly comprised of operating lease costs. Short-term lease costs related to short-term operating leases and variable lease costs were immaterial.

Because the rate implicit in each lease is not readily determinable, the Company uses the rate of interest that a lessee would have to pay to borrow on a collateralized basis over a similar term an amount equal to the lease payments in a similar economic environment. The Company has certain contracts for real estate which may contain lease and non-lease components which it has elected to treat as a single lease component. Cash paid for operating lease liabilities for the six months ended June 30, 2019 was \$0.5 million. Information related to the Company's operating lease assets and related lease liabilities were as follows:

	June 30, 2019
Weighted average remaining lease term (in months)	80.06
Weighted average discount rate	6.5%

Maturities of lease liabilities as of June 30, 2019 were as follows (in thousands):

Year ending December 31,	
2019 (remaining six months)	\$ 475
2020	981
2021	928
2022	925
2023	957
2024	986
Thereafter	1,100
	6,352
Less imputed interest	(1,204)
Total lease liabilities	\$ 5,148
Current operating lease liabilities	\$ 651
Non-current operating lease liabilities	4,497
Total lease liabilities	\$ 5,148

The following table provides the Company's operating lease commitment as of December 31, 2018 (in thousands):

	Operating Leas	e Commitment
2019	\$	925
2020		961
2021		923
2022		929
2023		957
Thereafter		2,085
	\$	6,780

The Company incurred rent expense of \$0.2 million and \$0.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively.

5. NOTES PAYABLE

In October 2018, the Company entered into another finance agreement with First Insurance Funding in order to fund a portion of its insurance policies, which was amended in January 2019. The amount financed was \$0.5 million and bears interest at a rate of 5.15%. The Company is required to make monthly payments of \$69 thousand through July 2019. The outstanding balance was \$0.1 million and \$0.5 million as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively.

6. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

On June 11, 2019, the Company's stockholders approved an amendment to the CV Sciences, Inc. Amended and Restated 2013 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2013 Plan") to increase the number of shares that may be issued under the 2013 Plan by an additional 3,000,000 shares. The Company's stockholders also approved to add an automatic "evergreen" provision regarding the number of shares to be annually added to the 2013 Plan. As a result, the number of shares of common stock that will be automatically added to the 2013 Plan on January 1 of each year during the term of the plan, starting with January 1, 2020, will be the lesser of: (a) 4% of the total shares of the Company's common stock outstanding on December 31st of the prior year, (b) 4,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock, or (c) a lesser number of shares of the Company's common stock as determined by the Company's Board of Directors. There are currently 31,000,000 shares authorized for issuance under the 2013 Plan. As ofJune 30, 2019, the Company had 7,317,000 of authorized unissued shares reserved and available for issuance upon exercise and conversion of outstanding awards under the 2013 Plan.

The Company recognized stock-based compensation expense of \$2.1 million and \$12.1 million in its operating income (loss) for the three and six months endedJune 30, 2019, respectively, and \$0.4 million and \$1.4 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively. During the six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company's former President and Chief Executive Officer ("Mona Jr.") and the Company entered into a Settlement Agreement (the "Settlement Agreement"), pursuant to which the Company agreed that Mona Jr.'s resignation from the Company on January 22, 2019 was for Good Reason (as defined in Mona Jr.'s Employment Agreement) and agreed to extend the deadline for Mona Jr.'s exercise of his stock options for a period of five years. In exchange, Mona Jr. agreed that notwithstanding the terms of his Employment Agreement providing for acceleration of vesting of all stock options and restricted stock units (RSU's) upon a Good Reason resignation, certain of his unvested stock options were issued in July 2016 (6,000,000 options) and March 2017 (5,000,000 options). The Company and Mona Jr.'s resignation and separation from the Company. As a result of the Settlement Agreement, the Company recorded stock-based compensation expense related to the accelerated vesting of the RSU's of \$5.1 million and the modification of certain stock options of \$2.7 million during the six months endedJune 30, 2019.

As of June 30, 2019, total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock-based compensation arrangements was\$4.9 million which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.2 years.

The following summarizes activity related to the Company's stock options and includes7,250,000 options issued prior to December 31, 2018 outside of the 2013 Plan (in thousands, except per share data):

	Number of Shares	Weighted Avera Exercise Price		Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding - December 31, 2018	24,775	\$ 0.5	1 7.5	\$ 94,206
Granted	1,805	4.4	2 —	_
Exercised	(821)	0.3	6 —	_
Forfeited	(141)	0.8	2 —	_
Expired	—	-	- —	—
Outstanding - June 30, 2019	25,618	0.7	9 6.4	85,035
Exercisable - June 30, 2019	22,624	0.5	3 6.1	80,242
Vested or expected to vest - June 30, 2019	25,618	\$ 0.7	9 6.4	\$ 85,035

The total intrinsic value of stock options exercised during the six months endedJune 30, 2019 was \$4.1 million. Upon option exercise, the Company issues new shares of stock. There were no stock option exercises during the six months endedJune 30, 2018.

The Company has established performance milestones in connection with the drug development efforts for its lead drug candidate CVSI-007. As ofJune 30, 2019, there were 10,750,000 remaining unvested stock options granted outside of the 2013 Plan which vest upon the completion of future performance conditions, including those related to the Settlement Agreement with Mona Jr.

The following table presents the weighted average grant date fair value of stock options granted and the weighted-average assumptions used to estimate the fair value on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes valuation model:

	Three mor June			ths ended e 30,
	2019	2018 ⁽¹⁾	2019	2018
Volatility	110.9%	%	113.8%	90.5%
Risk-Free Interest Rate	1.8%	%	2.5%	2.6%
Expected Term (in years)	5.80	0.00	5.70	5.40
Dividend Rate	%	%	%	%
Fair Value Per Share on Grant Date	\$3.31	\$—	\$4.00	\$0.30

(1) There were no option grants during the three months ended June 30, 2018.

The risk-free interest rates are based on the implied yield available on U.S. Treasury constant maturities with remaining terms equivalent to the respective expected terms of the options. The Company estimates the expected term for stock options awarded to employees, non-employees, officers and directors using the simplified method in accordance with ASC Topic 718, *Stock Compensation*, because the Company does not have sufficient relevant historical information to develop reasonable expectations about future exercise patterns. Expected volatility is calculated based on the Company will continue to use peer group volatility information until historical volatility of the Company is available to measure expected volatility of future grants. In the future, as the Company gains historical data for volatility of its own stock and the actual term over which stock options are held, expected volatility and the expected term may change, which could substantially change the grant-date fair value of future stock option awards, and, consequently, compensation of future grants.



The following summarizes RSU activity that contain only service requirements to vest for the Amended 2013 Plan (in thousands, except per share data):

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Grant D Fair Value	Date
RSU's outstanding - December 31, 2018	2,950	\$	2.14
Granted	—		—
Vested	(2,950)	2.14	
Cancellations	—		—
RSU's outstanding - June 30, 2019		\$	—

The total fair value of RSU's vested during the six months endedJune 30, 2019 was \$6.3 million. The associated stock-based compensation expense is included in selling, general and administrative expense.

7. NET INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE

The Company computes basic net income (loss) per share using the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net income (loss) assumes the conversion, exercise or issuance of all potential common stock equivalents, unless the effect of inclusion would be anti-dilutive. For purposes of this calculation, common stock equivalents include the Company's stock options, including those with performance or market conditions, unvested RSU's, and warrants.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share (in thousands, except per share data):

	Three mon June		Six months ended June 30,					
	 2019		2018		2019		2018	
Numerator:					<u> </u>			
Net income (loss)	\$ 1,229	\$	3,186	\$	(8,155)	\$	3,805	
Denominator for basic and diluted net income (loss) per share:	 							
Weighted average common shares outstanding for basic	98,633		90,713		98,557		90,613	
Dilutive potential common stock outstanding:								
Stock options and RSU's	22,296		19,431		_		13,597	
Warrants	_		2,322		_		2,081	
Weighted average common shares outstanding for diluted	 120,929		112,466		98,557		106,291	
Basic net income (loss) per share	\$ 0.01	\$	0.04	\$	(0.08)	\$	0.04	
Diluted net income (loss) per share	\$ 0.01	\$	0.03	\$	(0.08)	\$	0.04	

The following common stock equivalents were not included in the calculation of net income (loss) per diluted share because their effect were anti-dilutive (in thousands):

	Three mon June		Six montl June		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Stock options		600	18,368	600	
Performance stock options	—	—	7,250	_	
Total		600	25,618	600	

The above table excludes 10,750,000 unvested stock options for the three and six months endedJune 30, 2019 and 2018, which vest upon the completion of future performance conditions.



8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

On April 23, 2014, Tanya Sallustro filed a purported class action complaint (the "Complaint") in the Southern District of New York (the "Court") alleging securities fraud and related claims against the Company and certain of its officers and directors and seeking compensatory damages including litigation costs. Ms. Sallustro alleges that between March 18-31, 2014, she purchased certain shares of the Company's common stock for a total investment of \$16 thousand. The Complaint refers to Current Reports on Form 8-K/A filings made by the Company on April 3, 2014 and April 14, 2014, in which the Company amended previously disclosed sales (sales originally stated at \$1.3 million were restated to \$1.1million, a reduction of \$0.2 million) and restated goodwill as \$1.9 million (previously reported at net zero). Additionally, the Complaint states after the filing of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K on April 3, 2014 and the following press release, the Company's stock price "fell \$7.30 per share," or more than 20%, to close at \$25.30 per share." Subsequent to the filing of the Complaint, six different individuals filed a motion asking to be designated the lead plaintiff in the litigation. On March 19, 2015, the Court issued a ruling appointing Steve Schuck as lead plaintiff. Counsel for Mr. Schuck filed a "consolidated amended complaint" on September 14, 2015. On December 11, 2015, the Company filed a motion to dismiss the consolidated amended complaint. After requesting several extensions, counsel for Mr. Schuck filed an opposition to the motion to dismiss. Thereafter, on October 3, 2018, plaintiff's counsel filed a motion to withdraw Mr. Schuck as Lead Plaintiff and to substitute Jane Ish as new Lead Plaintiff. This motion was granted by the Court. On July 2, 2019, the Court entered a final order dismissing the Complaint share been filed which are premised on the same event as the Complaint (which has now been dismissed with prejudice). These derivative suits are stayed and were waiting the outcome of the Compla

On August 24, 2018, David Smith filed a purported class action complaint in Nevada District Court alleging certain misstatements were contained in financial filings that led to stock price fluctuations and resulting financial harm. Several additional individuals filed similar claims, and the Smith suit and each of the other suits all arise out of a report published by Citron Research on Twitter on August 20, 2018 suggesting that the Company misled investors by failing to disclose that the Company's efforts to secure patent protection had been "finally rejected" by the United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO). On November 15, 2018, the Court consolidated the actions and appointed Richard Ina, Trustee for the Ina Family Trust as Lead Plaintiff for the consolidated actions. On January 4, 2019, Counsel for Lead Plaintiff Richard Ina, Trustee for the Ina Family Trust as Lead Plaintiff for the consolidated actions. On January 4, 2019, Counsel for Lead Plaintiff Richard Ina, Trustee for the Ina Family Trust as Lead Plaintiff for the consolidated actions of the other store. Since no discovery has been conducted and the case remains stayed, an estimate of the possible loss or recovery cannot be made at this time. Various shareholder derivative suits have been filed which are premised on the same event as the already-pending case. These are stayed pending the outcome of the securities class action case.

In the normal course of business, the Company is a party to a variety of agreements pursuant to which they may be obligated to indemnify the other party. It is not possible to predict the maximum potential amount of future payments under these types of agreements due to the conditional nature of our obligations and the unique facts and circumstances involved in each particular agreement. Historically, payments made by us under these types of agreements have not had a material effect on our business, results of operations or financial condition.

9. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company operates in two distinct business segments: a consumer products segment in manufacturing, marketing and selling hemp-based CBD products to a range of market sectors; and a specialty pharmaceutical segment focused on developing and commercializing novel therapeutics utilizing CBD. The Company's segments maintain separate financial information for which operating results are evaluated on a regular basis by the Company's senior management in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. The Company evaluates its consumer products segment based on net product sales, gross profit and operating income or loss. The Company currently evaluates its specialty pharmaceutical segment based on the progress of its clinical development programs.

The following table presents information by reportable operating segment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 (in thousands):

	Three months	ended J	une 30,	Six months ended June 30,						
	 2019		2018		2019		2018			
Consumer Products										
Product sales, net	\$ 16,854	\$	12,349	\$	31,765	\$	20,419			
Gross profit	 11,951		9,060		22,510		14,622			
Research and development expense	679		76		1,378		193			
Selling, general and administrative expense	8,999		5,320		27,584		10,046			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 2,273	\$	3,664	\$	(6,452)	\$	4,383			
Specialty Pharmaceutical										
Product sales, net	\$ 	\$	_	\$	_	\$				
Gross profit	 _		_		_		_			
Research and development expense	1,009		366		1,652		403			
Selling, general and administrative expense	10		1		20		15			
Operating loss	\$ (1,019)	\$	(367)	\$	(1,672)	\$	(418			
Total										
Product sales, net	\$ 16,854	\$	12,349	\$	31,765	\$	20,419			
Gross profit	 11,951		9,060		22,510		14,622			
Research and development expense	1,688		442		3,030		596			
Selling, general and administrative expense	9,009		5,321		27,604		10,061			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 1,254	\$	3,297	\$	(8,124)	\$	3,965			

The Company's specialty and pharmaceutical segment includes goodwill of \$2.8 million as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018. In addition, the Company's intangible assets of \$3.8 million as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 are included in the specialty pharmaceutical segment. All other assets are included in the consumer products segment as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018. The majority of the Company's sales are to U.S. based customers.

10. INCOME TAXES

For the three months ended June 30, 2019, the Company has recognized tax expense on net income related to certain state tax payments. For the six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company generated a net loss for which no tax benefit has been recognized due to uncertainties regarding the future realization of the tax benefit. The tax effects of the net loss will be recognized when realization of the tax benefit becomes more likely than not or the tax effects of the previous interim losses are utilized.

11. RELATED PARTIES

As of June 30, 2019, the Company has a payable to its former President and Chief Executive Officer recorded of \$0.8 million. The amount is mostly related to his termination benefits associated with his resignation from the Company. The termination benefit is payable to Mona Jr. via regular payroll through June 2021. The Company recorded \$0.4 million in accrued expenses and \$0.4 million in other liabilities.

As part of the Settlement Agreement described in Note 6, 2,950,000 RSUs vested and were issued to Mona Jr. The vesting of the RSU's is treated as taxable compensation and thus subject to income tax withholdings. No amounts were withheld (either in cash or the equivalent of shares of common stock from the vesting of the RSU's) and included in the Company's payroll tax filing at the time of vesting. The compensation is subject to Federal and State income tax withholding and Federal Insurance Contributions Act ("FICA") taxes withholding estimated to be \$5.6 million for the employee portions. The employer portion of the FICA taxes is \$0.2 million and has been recorded as a component of selling, general and administrative expenses in the condensed consolidated statement of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2019. Although the primary tax liability is the responsibility of the employee, the Company is secondarily liable and thus has recorded the liability on its condensed consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2019 in an amount of \$5.8 million which was recorded as a component of Accrued expenses. The Company has recorded an offsetting receivable for the total estimated Federal and State income taxes which should have been withheld in addition to the employee portion of the FICA payroll taxes as the primary liability is ultimately the responsibility of the employee. This resulted in a receivable of \$5.6 million as of June 30, 2019 which was recorded in the line item Prepaid expenses and other on the condensed consolidated balance sheet. The associated liability may be relieved once the tax amount is paid by Mona Jr. and the Company has received the required taxing authority documentation from Mona Jr. However, if the amount is not paid, the Company would be liable for such withholding tax due. Additionally, the Company could be subject to negligence penalties if the amounts are ultimately not paid. The Company does not believe that any such penalties are probable or reasonably possible as of June 30, 201

12.	SUBSEQUENT
	EVENT

Dismissal of Compliant

On July 2, 2019, the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York (the "Court") entered a final order dismissing a lawsuit with prejudice that was filed against the Company and various individuals alleging violations of Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 on behalf of a putative class of purchasers of common stock of the Company from May 20, 2013 through April 14, 2014. As part of the dismissal, each side agreed to bear its own fees and costs. The resolution of the lawsuit did not require the Company or any of the other defendants named therein to make any payments to the plaintiffs in the Complaint or to admit any wrongdoing.

The lawsuit began when several individuals filed nearly identical complaints in April 2014, asserting that certain publicly-filed disclosures contained false or misleading information, principally with regard to the Company's acquisition of the assets of Phytosphere Systems, LLC and the Company's reported financial information. After the Court appointed a lead plaintiff on March 19, 2015, the Company and the other defendants filed a motion to dismiss the lawsuit. On April 2, 2018, the Court issued a ruling granting in part and denying in part the motion to dismiss. The Company and the remaining individual defendants continued to vigorously defend against the lawsuit on the merits and, on July 2, 2019, the lawsuit was ultimately dismissed with prejudice as described above. See additional discussion in Note 8.

Production and Warehouse Facility

On July 16, 2019, the Company commenced occupation of a new production and warehouse facility. The 45,500 square foot facility is located in San Diego, California. The lease term is seven years with total payments of approximately \$7.4 million.



ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements and the notes to those statements that are included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Our discussion includes forward-looking statements based upon current expectations that involve risks and uncertainties, such as our plans, objectives, expectations and intentions. Actual results and the timing of events could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of a number of factors. We use words such as "anticipate", "estimate", "plan", "project", "continuing", "ongoing", "expect", "believe", "intend", "may", "will", "should", "could", and similar expressions to identify forward-looking statements.

OVERVIEW

We operate two distinct business segments. Our consumer products segment is focused on manufacturing, marketing and selling hemp-based CBD products to a range of market sectors. Our specialty pharmaceutical segment is focused on developing and commercializing novel therapeutics utilizing CBD. We are traded on the OTC:QB, and our trading symbol is CVSI.

Our consumer products business segment manufactures, markets and sells consumer products containing hemp-based CBD under our *PlusCBD*TM brand in a range of market sectors including nutraceutical, beauty care and specialty foods.

Our specialty pharmaceutical business segment is developing cannabinoids to treat a range of medical indications. Our product candidates are based on proprietary formulations, processes and technology that we believe are patent-protectable, and we are actively pursuing patent protection on our drug candidate.

Results of Operations

Revenues and gross profit

		Three mo Jun	nths e e 30,	ended	Chang	je	Six mon Jun	ths en e 30,	ded	Chang	e
	2019		2018	Amount	%	 2019		2018	Amount	%	
			(ir	thousands)				(in	thousands)		
Product sales, net	\$	16,854	\$	12,349	\$ 4,505	36%	\$ 31,765	\$	20,419	\$ 11,346	56%
Cost of goods sold		4,903		3,289	\$ 1,614	49%	9,255		5,797	3,458	60%
Gross profit	\$	11,951	\$	9,060	\$ 2,891	32%	\$ 22,510	\$	14,622	\$ 7,888	54%
Gross margin		70.9%		73.4%			70.9%		71.6%	 	

Second quarter 2019 vs. 2018

We had product sales of \$16.9 million and gross profit of \$12.0 million, representing a gross margin of 70.9% in the second quarter of 2019 compared with product sales of \$12.3 million and gross profit of \$9.1 million, representing a gross margin of 73.4% in the second quarter of 2018. We increased our product sales by \$4.5 million or 36% in the second quarter of 2019 when compared to second quarter 2018 results. The sales increase in the second quarter 2019 compared with 2018 is primarily due to an increase in distribution, customer awareness and demand for our branded *PlusCBD*TM products, as we continued to expand and maintain our core customer base. We also launched new products and formulations, including softgels, gummies, and most recently topicals, which helped drive our overall sales. As of June 30, 2019, our products were in 4,591 retail stores, mostly in the natural product industry and two nationwide retailers. This store count has increased from 1,968 as of June 30, 2018. During the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, e-commerce sales accounted for 15.7% and 12.0%, respectively.

Cost of goods sold consists primarily of raw materials, packaging, manufacturing overhead, merch card fees and shipping. Overhead cost includes manufacturing related personnel costs, facilities, depreciation, supplies, and quality assurance costs. Manufacturing related personnel costs payroll, employee benefits and stock-based compensation. The gross profit increase in the second quarter 2019 compared with 2018 is the result of our increased product sales. Gross margin decreased mostly due to sales mix.

First six months 2019 vs. 2018

For the six months ended June 30, 2019, our product sales increased by \$11.3 million or 56%. The increase is primarily due to an increase in distribution, customer awareness and demand for our branded *PlusCBD*TM products. We also launched new products and formulations, including softgels, gummies, and most recently topicals, which helped drive our overall sales. During the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, e-commerce sales accounted for 15.5% and 13.2%, respectively.

The gross profit increase by \$7.9 million or 54% to \$22.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019 is in-line with increased product sales. Gross margins slightly decreased from 71.6% for the six months ended June 30, 2018 to 70.9% for the six months ended June 30, 2019. The decrease is mostly due to sales mix.

Operating expense

	Th	Three months ended June 30,				Change	e	Six months	ended	June 30,	 Change		
	2019		2019 2018			Amount %		2019		2018		Amount	%
		(in thousands)								(in	thousands)		
Research and development	\$	1,688	\$	442	\$	1,246	282%	\$	3,030	\$	596	\$ 2,434	408%
Percentage of revenue		10%		4%					10%		3%		
Selling, general and administrative		9,009		5,321	\$	3,688	69%		27,604		10,061	\$ 17,543	174%
Percentage of revenue		53%		43%					87%		49%		

Second quarter 2019 vs. 2018

Research and development ("R&D") expense increased to \$1.7 million in the second quarter of 2019 compared to \$0.4 million in the second quarter of 2018. The increase of \$1.3 million or 282% is related to additional R&D expenses for our specialty pharmaceutical segment of \$0.7 million and for our consumer products segment os \$0.6 million. The increase in our specialty pharmaceutical segment is mostly related to preclinical work, development cost associated with our active pharmaceutical ingredient ("API"), and expenses paid to outside consultants. The additional R&D expense in our consumer products segment is mostly related to additional personnel cost, cost for clinical trials, and cost for outside services for our new consumer product developments.

Selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses increased to \$9.0 million in the second quarter of 2019 compared to \$5.3 million in the second quarter of 2018. The increase of \$3.7 million or 69% is mostly related to increases in our consumer products segment for marketing activities to support our growth, sales commissions and payroll expense as a result of our increased headcount.

First six months 2019 vs. 2018

Research and development ("R&D") expense increased to \$3.0 million during the six months ended June 30, 2019 compared to \$0.6 million in the first six months of 2018. The increase of \$2.4 million or 408% is related to additional R&D expenses for our specialty pharmaceutical segment of \$.2 million and for our consumer products segment of \$1.2 million. The increase in our specialty pharmaceutical segment is mostly related to preclinical work, development cost associated with our API, and expenses paid to outside consultants. The additional R&D expense in our consumer products segment is mostly related to additional personnel cost and cost for outside services for our new consumer product developments.

Selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses increased to \$27.6 million during the six months ended June 30, 2019 compared to \$10.1 million in the first six months of 2018. The increase of \$17.5 million or 174% is mostly related to additional stock-based compensation expense, payroll expense related to the retirement of our former President and Chief Executive Officer ("Mona Jr.") and increases in our marketing activities to support our growth, sales commissions and payroll expense as a result of our increased headcount, driven by our consumer products segment. We recognized stock-based compensation expense of \$2.1 million in the first quarter of 2019 compared to \$0.4 million in our first quarter of 2018. During the first quarter of 2019, we entered into a Settlement Agreement (the "Settlement Agreement") with Mona Jr., pursuant to which we agreed that Mona Jr.'s resignation on January 22, 2019 was for Good Reason (as defined in Mona Jr.'s Employment Agreement) and agreed to extend the deadline for Mona Jr.'s exercise of his stock options for a period of five years. In exchange, Mona Jr. agreed that notwithstanding the terms of his Employment Agreement providing for acceleration of vesting of all stock options and Restricted Stock Units (RSU's) upon a Good Reason resignation, certain of his unvested stock options would not immediately vest, but rather continue to vest if, and only if, certain of our milestones are achieved related to the our drug development efforts. These stock options were issued in July 2016 (6,000,000 options) and March 2017 (5,000,000 options). We also agreed to mutually release all claims arising

out of and related to Mona Jr.'s resignation and separation from us. As a result of the Settlement Agreement, we recorded stock-based compensation expense related to the accelerated vesting of the RSU's and the modification of certain stock options of \$5.1 million and \$2.7 million in the first quarter of 2019, respectively.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We use Adjusted EBITDA internally to evaluate our performance and make financial and operational decisions that are presented in a manner that adjusts from their equivalent GAAP measures or that supplement the information provided by our GAAP measures. Adjusted EBITDA is defined by us as EBITDA (net income (loss) plus depreciation expense, amortization expense, interest and income tax expense, minus income tax benefit), further adjusted to exclude certain non-cash expenses and other adjustments as set forth below. We use Adjusted EBITDA because we believe it also highlights trends in our business that may not otherwise be apparent when relying solely on GAAP financial measures, since Adjusted EBITDA eliminates from our results specific financial items that have less bearing on our core operating performance.

We use Adjusted EBITDA in communicating certain aspects of our results and performance, including in this Quarterly Report, and believe that Adjusted EBITDA, when viewed in conjunction with our GAAP results and the accompanying reconciliation, can provide investors with greater transparency and a greater understanding of factors affecting our financial condition and results of operations than GAAP measures alone. In addition, we believe the presentation of Adjusted EBITDA is useful to investors in making period-to-period comparison of results because the adjustments to GAAP are not reflective of our core business performance.

Adjusted EBITDA is not presented in accordance with, or as an alternative to, GAAP financial measures and may be different from non-GAAP measures used by other companies. We encourage investors to review the GAAP financial measures included in this Quarterly Report, including our condensed consolidated financial statements, to aid in their analysis and understanding of our performance and in making comparisons.

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A reconciliation from our net income (loss) to Adjusted EBITDA, a non-GAAP measure, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 is detailed below:

		Three 1	nont	hs ended June 3	30, 20	019	Three months ended June 30, 2018						
	Consumer Products			Specialty Pharma	Total			Consumer Products	Specialty Pharma			Total	
						(in tho	usai	nds)					
Net income (loss)	\$	2,248	\$	(1,019)	\$	1,229	\$	3,553	\$	(367)	\$	3,186	
Depreciation		168		—		168		117		—		117	
Amortization		—		9		9		_		9		9	
Interest expense (income)		(1)		_		(1)		71		—		71	
Income tax expense		26		_		26		40		_		40	
EBITDA		2,441		(1,010)	_	1,431		3,781		(358)		3,423	
Stock-based compensation (1)		2,090		35		2,125		361		_		361	
Common stock issued for professional services (2)		_		—		_		62				62	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	4,531	\$	(975)	\$	3,556	\$	4,204	\$	(358)	\$	3,846	

	Six months ended June 30, 2019					Six months ended June 30, 2018						
	Consumer Products		Specialty Pharma		Total		Consumer Products		Specialty Pharma			Total
	(in the			usai	ıds)							
Net income (loss)	\$	(6,483)	\$	(1,672)	\$	(8,155)	\$	4,223	\$	(418)	\$	3,805
Depreciation		336				336		227		—		227
Amortization		—		18		18				18		18
Interest expense		5				5		120		_		120
Income tax expense		26				26		40		—		40
EBITDA		(6,116)	_	(1,654)		(7,770)		4,610	_	(400)		4,210
Stock-based compensation (1)		4,137		79		4,216		1,396		—		1,396
Common stock issued for professional services (2)						_		62		_		62
Stock-based compensation associated with employment settlement (3)		7,857		_		7,857		_		_		_
Payroll expense associated with employment settlement (4)		934		_		934		_		—		_
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	6,812	\$	(1,575)	\$	5,237	\$	6,068	\$	(400)	\$	5,668

(1) Represents stock-based compensation expense related to stock options and warrants awarded to employees, consultants and non-executive directors based on the grant date fair value using the Black-Scholes valuation model.

(2) Represents common stock issued for professional

services.

(3) Represents stock-based compensation expense related to accelerated vesting of RSU's and the modification of certain stock options associated with the settlement agreement with our former President and Chief Executive Officer.

(4) Represents accrued payroll and related benefits associated with the retirement of our former President and Chief Executive Officer.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

A summary of our changes in cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 is provided below:

	 Six months ended June 30,			
	 2019	2018		
	 (in thousands)			
Net cash flows provided by (used in):				
Operating activities	\$ 3,457	\$	5,369	
Investing activities	(504)		(277)	
Financing activities	(151)		(652)	
Net increase in cash and restricted cash	 2,802		4,440	
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of period	12,935		2,792	
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of period	\$ 15,737	\$	7,232	

Operating Activities

Net cash provided by or used in operating activities includes net income (loss) adjusted for non-cash expenses such as depreciation and amortization, bad debt expense, and stock-based compensation. Operating assets and liabilities primarily include balances related to funding of inventory purchases and customer accounts receivable. Operating assets and liabilities that arise from the funding of inventory purchases and customer accounts receivable can fluctuate significantly from day to day and period to period depending on the timing of inventory purchases and customer behavior.

Net cash provided in operating activities decreased by \$1.9 million to \$3.5 million in the six months ended June 30, 2019 compared to \$5.4 million in the six months ended June 30,2018. The primary reason for this change is the additional funds paid for our drug and product development activities, as well as additional marketing expense, payroll and cost for outside consultants to support our future growth.

Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities increased by \$0.2 million in the six months ended June 30, 2019 compared to the prior year period. Net cash used in investing activity consists of equipment purchases and tenant improvements. During 2019, we purchased additional manufacturing equipment and completed tenant improvements to our main facility. We also invested in additional technology to support our e-commerce activities.

Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities decreased by \$0.5 million in the six months ended June 30, 2019 compared to the prior year period. The primary reason for the decrease is repayment of our convertible debt of \$0.7 million in 2018.

Critical Accounting Policies

We have disclosed in the notes to our consolidated financial statements and in "Item 7 – Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in our 2018 Annual Report on Form 10-K, those accounting policies that we consider to be significant in determining our results of operation and financial condition. There have been no material changes to those policies that we consider to be significant since the filing of our 2018 Annual Report on Form 10-K. The accounting principles used in preparing our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements conform in all material respects to GAAP.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 1 in the accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

None.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Not applicable to a "smaller reporting company" as defined in Item 10(f)(1) of Regulation S-K.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) or 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission and to ensure that information required to be disclosed is accumulated and communicated to management, including our principal executive and financial officers, to allow timely decisions regarding disclosure. The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and the Chief Financial Officer (CFO), with assistance from other members of management, have reviewed the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2019 and, based on their evaluation, have concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of such date due to a material weakness in internal control over financial reporting that was disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) or 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act) that occurred during the first quarter of fiscal 2019 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Remediation

As previously described in Part II, Item 9A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018, we began implementing a remediation plan to address the material weakness mentioned above. The weakness will not be considered remediated, until the applicable controls operate for a sufficient period of time and management has concluded, through testing, that these controls are operating effectively. We expect that the remediation of this material weakness will be completed prior to the end of 2019.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

For a description of our material pending legal proceedings, please see Note 8, Commitments and Contingencies, to our condensed consolidated financial statements included in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Item 1A. RISK FACTORS

Not applicable to a "smaller reporting company" as defined in Item 10(f)(1) of Regulation S-K.

Item 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

Item 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

Item 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURE

Not applicable.

Item 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

Item 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit No.	Description of Exhibit
2.1 (1)	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of July 25, 2013, by and between CannaVEST Corp., a Texas corporation, and CannaVEST Corp., a Delaware corporation.
2.1 (2)	Agreement and Plan of Reorganization by and among CannaVEST Corp., CannaVEST Merger Sub, Inc., CANNAVEST Acquisition LLC, CanX, Inc. and the Starwood Trust, as the Shareholder Representative.
3.1 (1)	Certificate of Incorporation of CannaVEST Corp., as filed on January 26, 2013.
3.2 (1)	Bylaws of CannaVEST Corp., dated as of January 26, 2013.
3.3 (3)	Certificate of Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation of CannaVest Corp., as filed on January 4, 2016.
3.4 (4)	Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, as amended.
3.5 (5)	Amendment to the Bylaws of the Company, as amended.
3.6 (6)	Bylaws of the Company, as amended.
4.1 (7)	CannaVEST Corp. Specimen Stock Certificate
10.6 † (8)	Amended and Restated 2013 Equity Incentive Plan, as amended.
31.1*	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302(a) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2*	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302(a) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1*	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2*	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101 INS*	XBRL Instance Document**
101 SCH*	XBRL Schema Document**
101 CAL*	XBRL Calculation Linkbase Document**
101 DEF*	XBRL Definition Linkbase Document**
101 LAB*	XBRL Labels Linkbase Document**
101 PRE*	XBRL Presentation Linkbase Document**

* Filed herewith.

† Indicates a management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

** The XBRL related information in Exhibit 101 shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or otherwise subject to liability of that section and shall not be incorporated by reference into any filing or other document pursuant to the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing or document.

- Incorporated by reference from an exhibit to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on August 13, 2013.
- Incorporated by reference from an exhibit to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 4, 2016.
- (3) Incorporated by reference from an exhibit to our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on April 14, 2016.
- (4) Incorporated by reference from an exhibit to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 16, 2016.
- (5) Incorporated by reference from an exhibit to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 22, 2017.
- (6) Incorporated by reference from an exhibit to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 9, 2017.
- (7) Incorporated by reference from an exhibit to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 31, 2013.
- (8) Incorporated by reference from an exhibit to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 17, 2019.



SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

CV SCIENCES, INC. (Registrant)

By /s/ Joseph D. Dowling

Joseph D. Dowling Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) Dated August 7, 2019

By /s/ Joerg Grasser

Joerg Grasser Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer) Dated August 7, 2019

Exhibit 31.1

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15(d)-14(a), AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Joseph D. Dowling, Chief Executive Officer of CV Sciences, Inc. (the "Company") certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

- (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under my supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to me by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under my supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report my conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. I have disclosed, based on my most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: August 7, 2019

By: /s/ Joseph D. Dowling

Joseph D. Dowling Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15(d)-14(a), AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Joerg Grasser, Chief Financial Officer of CV Sciences, Inc. (the "Company") certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

- (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under my supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to me by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under my supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report my conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. I have disclosed, based on my most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: August 7, 2019

By: /s/ Joerg Grasser

Joerg Grasser Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of CV Sciences, Inc. (the "Registrant") on Form 10-Q for the interim period endedJune 30, 2019 (the "Report"), I, Joseph D. Dowling, Chief Executive Officer of the Registrant, do hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:

(1) the Report, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

Dated: August 7, 2019

By: /s/ Joseph D. Dowling

Joseph D. Dowling Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of CV Sciences, Inc. (the "Registrant") on Form 10-Q for the interim period ended/une 30, 2019 (the "Report"), I, Joerg Grasser, Chief Financial Officer of the Registrant, do hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:

(1) the Report, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

Dated: August 7, 2019

By: /s/ Joerg Grasser

Joerg Grasser Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)